

# Montebello Unified School District

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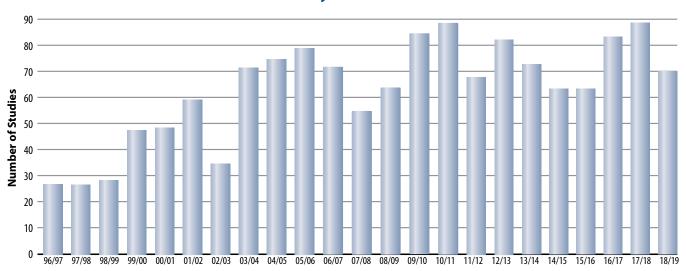
## **About FCMAT**

FCMAT's primary mission is to assist California's local K-14 educational agencies to identify, prevent, and resolve financial, human resources and data management challenges. FCMAT provides fiscal and data management assistance, professional development training, product development and other related school business and data services. FCMAT's fiscal and management assistance services are used not just to help avert fiscal crisis, but to promote sound financial practices, support the training and development of chief business officials and help to create efficient organizational operations. FCMAT's data management services are used to help local educational agencies (LEAs) meet state reporting responsibilities, improve data quality, and inform instructional program decisions.

FCMAT may be requested to provide fiscal crisis or management assistance by a school district, charter school, community college, county office of education, the state Superintendent of Public Instruction, or the Legislature.

When a request or assignment is received, FCMAT assembles a study team that works closely with the LEA to define the scope of work, conduct on-site fieldwork and provide a written report with findings and recommendations to help resolve issues, overcome challenges and plan for the future.

#### **Studies by Fiscal Year**



FCMAT has continued to make adjustments in the types of support provided based on the changing dynamics of K-14 LEAs and the implementation of major educational reforms. FCMAT also develops and provides numerous publications, software tools, workshops and professional learning opportunities to help LEAs operate more effectively and fulfill their fiscal oversight and data management responsibilities. The California School Information Services (CSIS) division of FCMAT assists the California Department of Education with the implementation of the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADS). CSIS also hosts and maintains the Ed-Data website (www.ed-data.org) and provides technical expertise to the Ed-Data partnership: the California Department of Education, EdSource and FCMAT.

FCMAT was created by Assembly Bill (AB) 1200 in 1992 to assist LEAs to meet and sustain their financial obligations. AB 107 in 1997 charged FCMAT with responsibility for CSIS and its statewide data management work. AB 1115 in 1999 codified CSIS' mission.

AB 1200 is also a statewide plan for county offices of education and school districts to work together locally to improve fiscal procedures and accountability standards. AB 2756 (2004) provides specific responsibilities to FCMAT with regard to districts that have received emergency state loans.

In January 2006, Senate Bill 430 (charter schools) and AB 1366 (community colleges) became law and expanded FCMAT's services to those types of LEAs.

On September 17, 2018 AB 1840 was signed into law. This legislation changed the how fiscally insolvent districts are administered once an emergency appropriation has been made, shifting the former state-centric system to be more consistent with the principles of local control, and providing new responsibilities to FCMAT associated with the process.

Since 1992, FCMAT has been engaged to perform more than 1,000 reviews for LEAs, including school districts, county offices of education, charter schools and community colleges. The Kern County Superintendent of Schools is the administrative agent for FCMAT. The team is led by Michael H. Fine, Chief Executive Officer, with funding derived through appropriations in the state budget and a modest fee schedule for charges to requesting agencies.

# Introduction

#### **Background**

Historically, the Fiscal Crisis and Management Assistance Team (FCMAT) has not engaged directly with school districts showing distress until it has been invited to do so by the district or the county superintendent. The state's 2018-19 Budget Act provides for FCMAT to offer more proactive and preventive services to fiscally distressed school districts by automatically engaging with a district under the following conditions:

- Disapproved budget
- Negative interim report certification
- Three consecutive qualified interim report certifications
- Downgrade of an interim certification by the county superintendent
- "Lack of going concern" designation

Under these conditions, FCMAT will perform a fiscal health risk analysis to determine the level of risk for insolvency. FCMAT has updated its Fiscal Health Risk Analysis (FHRA) tool that weights each question based on high, moderate and low risk. The analysis will not be performed more than once in a 12-month period per district, and the engagement will be coordinated with the county superintendent and build on their oversight process and activities already in place per Assembly Bill (AB) 1200. There is no cost to the county superintendent or to the district for the analysis.

This fiscal health risk analysis is being conducted because the district had the following condition(s), under which an analysis is required by the 2018-19 State Budget Act.

· "Lack of going concern" designation

The Montebello Unified School District is located in Los Angeles County and serves students in the city of Montebello as well as portions of Bell Gardens, Commerce, Downey, Monterey Park, Pico Rivera and Rosemead and a part of the unincorporated community of East Los Angeles. The district has a five-member elected governing board and serves preschool through adult students in 17 elementary schools, six intermediate schools, four high schools, one continuation high school, one alternative education school, and four adult schools. California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADS) records indicate that the 2019-20 student enrollment was 24,371 with an unduplicated pupil percentage of students who qualify for free and reduced-price meals, are English learners or are foster youth, of approximately 88.6%. Enrollment peaked at 36,000 in 2004-05 and has declined each year since

The district's 2019-20 unaudited actuals report reflected an unrestricted general fund deficit of \$1.9 million. The district's 2020-21 adopted budget multiyear projection estimated a deficit of \$36.8 million in 2020-21, a deficit of \$20.1 million in 2021-22, and a deficit of \$28.8 million in 2022-23. The Los Angeles County Office of Education approved the district's adopted budget but noted concerns about the district's level of deficit spending and cautioned the district to monitor its cash flow projections monthly because of the state principal apportionment payment deferrals included in the enacted state budget. In a separate letter, the county office notified the district that it would remain designated as a lack of going concern; the original designation was made in November 2017.

FCMAT performed a fiscal health risk analysis to determine the district's level of risk for insolvency.

#### **Fiscal Health Risk Analysis Guidelines**

FCMAT entered into a study agreement with the Montebello Unified School District on October 29, 2020, and a study team collected data and interviewed district staff and leaders via video conferences on November 9, 10 and 18, 2020. Following fieldwork, the study team continued to review and analyze documents. This report is the result of those activities.

FCMAT's reports focus on systems and processes that may need improvement. Those that may be functioning well are generally not commented on in FCMAT's reports. In writing its reports, FCMAT uses the Associated Press Stylebook, a comprehensive guide to usage and accepted style that emphasizes conciseness and clarity. In addition, this guide emphasizes plain language, discourages the use of jargon and capitalizes relatively few terms.

# **Study Team**

The team was composed of the following members:

Debbie Riedmiller, CFE FCMAT Intervention Specialist Robbie Montalbano, CFE FCMAT Intervention Specialist

Leonel Martínez FCMAT Technical Writer

Each team member reviewed the draft report to confirm its accuracy and to achieve consensus on the analysis.

# **Fiscal Health Risk Analysis**

#### For K-12 School Districts

Date(s) of fieldwork: November 9, 10, and 18, 2020

District: Montebello Unified School District



#### **Summary**

Since 2017-18, the Los Angeles County Office of Education's oversight letters have cautioned the district about several areas of concern, including deficit spending, declining enrollment and appropriate staffing, declining unrestricted general fund ending balance, governance and leadership concerns, unfilled key positions, limited budget monitoring, lack of adequate internal controls, limited use of position control and overstaffing, ineffective communication and inattention to county office recommendations.

The California State Auditor's report issued on November 2, 2017 cited numerous issues, including leadership and governance, financial practices and performance, danger of becoming financially insolvent, failure to follow proper hiring procedures and lack of oversight of bond fund expenditures. On November 8, 2017, the county office issued a letter designating the district as a lack of going concern and appointed a fiscal advisor to assist the district to improve its internal controls and financial management and to address governance issues.

A lack of stability and ongoing vacancies in key positions remain significant issues. Several key positions are vacant, including assistant superintendent, human resources; director of classified personnel; director of procurement; and budget manager. The assistant superintendent of human resources position has been vacant since July 2019. The chief business official (CBO) position was vacant from April 2017 through June 2019 when the CBO position was eliminated and an interim assistant superintendent of business services was appointed. Interim personnel fill the assistant superintendent of business services position. The current superintendent served as interim superintendent as well as assistant superintendent of instructional services from October 2016 through February 2018. Other essential positions are filled by interim personnel including the director of fiscal services and the accounts payable supervisor. Frequent employee turnover and vacant positions lead to a lack of oversight and segregation of duties, weakening internal controls and increasing the risk of fraud and financial misstatement.

The district had difficulty providing FCMAT with the documentation that was requested on October 21, 2020 with a deadline of November 4, 2020. After multiple requests, the final documents were provided on December 14, 2020. While some documents were understandably hard to obtain because many district staff members were working off-site due to the COVID-19 pandemic, this difficulty speaks to the district staff's lack of capacity and can partly be attributed to the many staff vacancies. In addition, the delay leads FCMAT to question whether some of the documentation existed before interviews or was created after the fact.

The FHRA shows the district is at high risk of insolvency and identifies fiscal weaknesses and areas of concern that contribute to the district's fiscal distress. Of significant concern is the loss of revenue due to the year-over-year enrollment decline, which the district projects will continue into the subsequent fiscal years. The enrollment decline will be accelerated by the opening of two classroom-based charter schools, one approved by the county office and the other approved by the state board of education, in the 2021-22 fiscal year. In response to declining enrollment, districts must make reductions in staffing and other operating expenses to compensate for the loss of revenue. Also of significant concern is the erosion of the unrestricted general fund ending balance because of ongoing deficit spending. The 2020-21 adopted budget shows a projected unrestricted general fund deficit of \$36.8 million in 2020-21, \$20.1 million in 2021-22, and \$28.8 million in 2022-23. The unrestricted general fund balance is projected to decline from \$100 million at the start of 2020-21 to \$14.2 million at the end of 2022-23. The district should immediately take steps to reduce and eliminate deficit spending.

Other significant risk factors include budget development and monitoring, collective bargaining, internal controls and position control. Details are included in the related sections of this report.

The governing board is ultimately responsible for the district's budget. Management is responsible for providing accurate financial information based on current, reliable data so the board can make sound decisions. The identified risk factors will require the governing board and administration to continue to make and implement difficult decisions to ensure that the district remains fiscally solvent. Failure to act quickly and decisively may result in fiscal insolvency; the consequences of becoming insolvent are severe and result in the loss of local control and governance.

#### **District Fiscal Solvency Risk Level: High**

### **About the Analysis**

The Fiscal Crisis and Management Assistance Team (FCMAT) has developed the Fiscal Health Risk Analysis (FHRA) as a tool to help evaluate a school district's fiscal health and risk of insolvency in the current and two subsequent fiscal years.

The FHRA includes 20 sections, each of which contains specific questions. Each section and specific question is included based on FCMAT's work since the inception of AB 1200; they are the common indicators of risk or potential insolvency for districts that have neared insolvency and needed assistance from outside agencies. Each section of this analysis is critical, and lack of attention to these critical areas will eventually lead to a district's failure. The analysis focuses on essential functions and processes to determine the level of risk at the time of assessment.

The greater the number of "no" answers to the questions in the analysis, the greater the potential risk of insolvency or fiscal issues for the district. Not all sections in the analysis and not all questions within each section carry equal weight; some areas carry higher risk and thus count more heavily in calculating a district's fiscal stability. To help the district, narratives are included for responses that are marked as a "no" so the district can better understand the reason for the response and actions that may be needed to obtain a "yes" answer.

Identifying issues early is the key to maintaining fiscal health. Diligent planning will enable a district to better understand its financial objectives and strategies to sustain a high level of fiscal efficiency and overall solvency. A district should consider completing the FHRA annually to assess its own fiscal health risk and progress over time.

#### **Areas of High Risk**

The sections on pages eight through 10 duplicate certain questions and answers given in the Fiscal Health Risk Analysis Questions later in this document and identify conditions that create significant risk of fiscal insolvency. The existence of an identified budget or fiscal status or a material weakness indicated by a "no" answer to any of these items supersedes all other scoring and will elevate the district's overall risk level.

Budg	et and Fiscal Status: Is district currently without the following?:	Yes	No	
Disap	proved budget	✓		
Nega	tive interim report certification	✓		
Three	e consecutive qualified interim report certifications	✓		
Dowr	ngrade of an interim certification by the county superintendent	✓		
"Lack	of going concern" designation		✓	
Mate	rial Weakness Questions	Yes	No	N/A
2.5	Has the district's budget been approved unconditionally by its county office of education in the current and two prior fiscal years?		/	
3.4	Following board approval of collective bargaining agreements, does the district make necessary budget revisions in the financial system to reflect settlement costs in accordance with Education Code Section 42142?	<b>√</b>		
3.6	Has the district addressed any deficiencies the county office of education has identified in its oversight letters in the most recent and two prior fiscal years?		✓	
4.3	Does the district forecast its general fund cash flow for the current and subsequent year and update it as needed to ensure cash flow needs are known?	✓		
4.4	If the district's cash flow forecast shows insufficient cash in its general fund to support its current and projected obligations, does the district have a reasonable plan to address its cash flow needs for the current and subsequent year?			/
5.2	If the district has any charters in fiscal distress, has the district performed its statutory fiscal and operational oversight functions, including formal communication to the charter, such as notices of violation?			<b>√</b>

5.3	Has the district fulfilled and does it have evidence showing fulfillment of its oversight responsibilities in accordance with Education Code Section 47604.32?			✓
6.3	Does the district accurately quantify the effects of collective bargaining agreements and include them in its budget and multiyear projections?		1	
6.4	Did the district conduct a presettlement analysis and identify related costs or savings, if any (e.g., statutory benefits, and step and column salary increase), for the current and subsequent years, and did it identify ongoing revenue sources or expenditure reductions to support the agreement?		<b>√</b>	
7.2	If the district has deficit spending in funds other than the general fund, has it included in its multiyear projection any transfers from the unrestricted general fund to cover any projected negative fund balance?	/		
8.3	If the district has deficit spending in the current or two subsequent fiscal years, has the board approved and implemented a plan to reduce and/or eliminate deficit spending to ensure fiscal solvency?		<b>✓</b>	
10.6	Are the district's enrollment projections and assumptions based on historical data, industry-standard methods, and other reasonable considerations?	✓		
11.2	Does the district have sufficient and available capital outlay and/or bond funds to cover all contracted obligations for capital facilities projects?	✓		
12.1	Is the district able to maintain the minimum reserve for economic uncertainty in the current year (including Fund 01 and Fund 17) as defined by criteria and standards?	1		
12.2	Is the district able to maintain the minimum reserve for economic uncertainty in the two subsequent years?	✓		
12.3	If the district is not able to maintain the minimum reserve for economic uncertainty, does the district's multiyear financial projection include a board-approved plan to restore the reserve?			<b>√</b>
19.1	Does the district account for all positions and costs?		✓	
Becaus	e Breakdown by Section e the score is not calculated by category, category values provided are subject to mi vided for information only.	nor roui	nding e	rror and
1.	Annual Independent Audit Report			0.2%
2.	Budget Development and Adoption			3.9%
3.	Budget Monitoring and Updates			4.9%
4.	Cash Management			1.0%
5.	Charter Schools			0.0%
6.	Collective Bargaining Agreements			7.6%
7.	Contributions and Transfers			1.0%
8.	Deficit Spending (Unrestricted General Fund)			3.5%
9.	Employee Benefits			2.3%
10.	Enrollment and Attendance			2.0%
11.	Facilities			0.3%
12.	Fund Balance and Reserve for Economic Uncertainty			1.0%
13.	General Fund - Current Year			3.3%

14.

Information Systems and Data Management

2.0%

#### FISCAL HEALTH RISK ANALYSIS

Score		48.7%
20.	Special Education	2.3%
19.	Position Control	3.5%
18.	Non-Voter-Approved Debt and Risk Management	1.6%
17.	Multiyear Projections	1.0%
16.	Leadership and Stability	2.7%
15.	Internal Controls and Fraud Prevention	4.5%

# **Fiscal Health Risk Analysis Questions**

Bud	get and Fiscal Status: Is the district currently without the followir	ıg?:	Yes	No
Disa	pproved budget		✓	
Neg	ative interim report certification		✓	
Thre	ee consecutive qualified interim report certifications		✓	
Dow	ngrade of an interim certification by the county superintendent		✓	
"Lac	k of going concern" designation			✓
1	Annual Independent Audit Report	Yes	No	N/A
1.1	Has the district corrected the most recent and prior two years' audit findings without affecting its fiscal health?		1	
	The 2017-18 audit report included a finding regarding a lack of supporting documentation for students identified as English learners, resulting in questioned costs of \$18,867.			
1.2	Has the audit report for the most recent fiscal year been completed and presented to the board within the statutory timeline? (Extensions of the timeline granted by the State Controller's Office should be explained.)	1		
1.3	Were the district's most recent and prior two audit reports free of findings of material weaknesses?	1		
1.4	Has the district corrected all reported audit findings from the most recent and prior two audits?		1	
	Many findings from the most recent and prior two audits have been corrected. However, a lack of internal control over associated student body accounts was reported each year from 2015-16 to 2018-19. The 2018-19 audit report also found a lack of internal control over the use of district credit cards. The district did not provide documentation that the 2018-19 audit findings were corrected.			
2.	Budget Development and Adoption	Yes	No	N/A
2.1	Does the district develop and use written budget assumptions and multiyear projections that are reasonable, are aligned with the county office of education instructions, and have been clearly articulated?	<b>✓</b>		
2.2	Does the district use a budget development method other than a prior-year rollover budget, and, if so, does that method include tasks such as review of prior year estimated actuals by major object code and removal of one-time revenues and expenses?	1		
2.3	Does the district use position control data for budget development?		✓	
	The position control report provided by the district did not correspond with the adopted budget values for salary and benefits, and the position control system is not integrated with the financial system.			
2.4	Does the district calculate the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) revenue correctly?	✓		
2.5	Has the district's budget been approved unconditionally by its county office of education in the current and two prior fiscal years?		/	
	The district's 2018-19 adopted budget was conditionally approved by the county office of education because the district's Local Control and Accountability Plan			

	(LCAP) was not approvable. The county vised and approved LCAP for review as The revised LCAP was submitted and t	nd approval no i	ater than October	8, 2018.			
2.6	Does the budget development process inclu governing board, the community, and the budget budg	•			✓		
2.7	Does the district budget and expend restricte	ed funds before ι	inrestricted funds?			✓	
	The district's restricted fund carryover amounts and ending fund balances have increased each year from 2017-18 to 2019-20, indicating it is not strategically spending restricted funds before unrestricted funds. A review of the district's unaudited actuals reports for 2017-18, 2018-19, and 2019-20 shows the following restricted carryover and ending balances:						
		2017-18	2018-19	2019-2	20		
	Carryover (unearned revenues)	4,144,224.80	6,420,125.55	12,955,774.2	5		
	Ending Fund Balance	9,355,850.45	10,651,002.51	13,740,246.3	5		
	Total	13,500,075.25	17,071,128.06	26,696,020.6	i0		
2.8	The 2020-21 adopted budget shows to restricted funds before unrestricted fundance of \$14,449,873.51, an increase of that all qualifying expenditures are conhelps ensure maximum flexibility and the local Control and Accountability Playithin statutors timplines actablished by Education	nds and plans for yer the 2019-20 ded appropriate availability of un an (LCAP) and the	or a restricted endi balance. Making c ely to restricted pro restricted funding. e budget been adop	ng bal- sertain grams oted			
	within statutory timelines established by Edu- filed with the county superintendent of school by July 1, whichever occurs first, for the curre	ols no later than f	ive days after adopt		1		
2.9	Has the district refrained from including carry	yover funds in its	adopted budget?			✓	
	Interviews with staff indicated that the ed carryover revenues in its adopted unaudited actuals are completed. For trict also includes estimated unrestric tration funds in its adopted budget. A confirms that carryover funds are included.	budget and ad llowing county o ted carryover so review of the a	justs to actual afte office guidance, th upplemental and c listrict's financial re	er the e dis- concen-			
2.10	Other than objects in the 5700s and 7300s a with the California School Accounting Manua contra expenditure accounts?				<b>√</b>		
2.11	Does the district have a documented policy a acceptance of grants and other types of restron the district's unrestricted general fund?					✓	
	The district did not provide evidence and interviews with staff indicated the for evaluating the potential multiyear trict's unrestricted general fund prior t	at the district do impact of propo	es not have a pro	cedure			
2.12	Does the district adhere to a budget calenda budget development tasks and deadlines, ar for completing them?					1	
	The district provided a document enti provides some guidance for budget of detailed list of budget development to bers responsible for completing them	development, bi asks and deadl	ut it does not prov	ide a			

<u>3.                                    </u>	Budget Monitoring and Updates	Yes	No	N/A
3.1	Are actual revenues and expenses consistent with the most current budget?		1	
	According to a financial report provided by the district on November 18, 2020, several unrestricted object codes have negative budget balances as of the report date. Several certificated and classified salary object codes have negative budget balances, although the total budget for certificated and classified salaries appears to be reasonable. The books and supplies and services and other operating expenses object codes appear to be significantly underbudgeted with several object codes having large negative balances. Restricted budgets overall appear to be reasonable, with some negative object codes in the books and supplies, services and other operating expenses, and capital outlay categories.			
3.2	Are budget revisions posted in the financial system at each interim report, at a minimum?	✓		
3.3	Are clearly written and articulated budget assumptions that support budget revisions communicated to the board at each interim report, at a minimum?	✓		
3.4	Following board approval of collective bargaining agreements, does the district make necessary budget revisions in the financial system to reflect settlement costs in accordance with Education Code Section 42142?	<b>√</b>		
3.5	Do the district's responses fully explain the variances identified in the criteria and standards?	✓		
3.6	Has the district addressed any deficiencies the county office of education has identified in its oversight letters in the most recent and two prior fiscal years?		1	
	The county office's oversight letters to the district have identified concerns since the 2017-18 fiscal year. Although the district has made some progress in addressing some of the concerns, persistent issues that have not been addressed include deficit spending, declining enrollment and staffing adjustments, governance and leadership concerns, unfilled key positions, limited budget monitoring, lack of adequate internal controls, limited use of position control and overstaffing, ineffective communication and inattention to county office recommendations. In November 2017, the county office notified the district of its decision to identify the district as a lack of going concern and affirmed that designation in a letter dated September 15, 2020 due to the unresolved issues identified above.			
3.7	Does the district prohibit processing of requisitions or purchase orders when the budget is insufficient to support the expenditure?		1	
	District staff indicated that requisitions may be approved even with insufficient funds on the budget line, and budget transfers are processed after the fact. A review of financial reports indicates 422 individual account lines with negative balances totaling \$47,153,495.49.			
3.8	Does the district encumber and adjust encumbrances for salaries and benefits?		✓	
	District staff indicated that salaries and benefits are not encumbered in the financial system, and a review of financial reports shows no encumbrances for salaries and benefits.			
3.9	Are all balance sheet accounts in the general ledger reconciled at least at each interim report and at year end close?		✓	
	A review of financial reports shows some balance sheet accounts are reconciled throughout the year, but many are balanced at year end, and a few show balances carried for more than one year.			
3.10	Have the interim reports and the unaudited actuals been adopted and filed with the county superintendent of schools within the timelines established in Education Code?	✓		

4	Cash Management	Yes	No	N/A
4.1	Are accounts held by the county treasurer reconciled with the district's and county office of education's reports monthly?	1		
4.2	Does the district reconcile all bank (cash and investment) accounts with bank statements monthly?		1	
	The district provided a reconciliation form in Excel for the revolving fund. Because the reconciliations were not dated or signed, FCMAT could not determine if they were completed monthly. The August, September, and October 2020 reconciliations each contained reconciling items dating back to January 2020 that had not been posted to the general ledger.			
	The district provided a reconciliation form in Excel for the clearing account. The reconciliations were not dated or signed, so FCMAT could not determine if the reconciliations were completed monthly. The August, September, and October 2020 reconciliations each contained reconciling items dating back to February 2019, uncleared deposits dating back to May 2019 and several undated outstanding checks totaling \$238,245.47. Based on the check numbers (4187, 4191, 4198) compared to checks that cleared in August 2020 (5069, 5070, 5071, 5072), the outstanding checks appear to be more than a year old.			
	The reconciliation form provided by the district for the property and liability trust account was also undated and unsigned; therefore, FCMAT could not determine if the reconciliations were completed monthly.			
4.3	Does the district forecast its general fund cash flow for the current and subsequent year and update it as needed to ensure cash flow needs are known?	/		
4.4	If the district's cash flow forecast shows insufficient cash in its general fund to support its current and projected obligations, does the district have a reasonable plan to address its cash flow needs for the current and subsequent year?			<b>√</b>
4.5	Does the district have sufficient cash resources in its other funds to support its current and projected obligations in those funds?	✓		
4.6	If interfund borrowing is occurring, does the district comply with Education Code Section 42603?	✓		
4.7	If the district is managing cash in any fund(s) through external borrowing, does the district's cash flow projection include repayment based on the terms of the loan agreement?			1
5.	Charter Schools	Yes	No	N/A
5.1	Are all charters authorized by the district going concerns?			✓
5.2	If the district has any charters in fiscal distress, has the district performed its statutory fiscal and operational oversight functions, including formal communication to the charter, such as notices of violation?			<b>√</b>
5.3	Has the district fulfilled and does it have evidence showing fulfillment of its oversight responsibilities in accordance with Education Code Section 47604.32?			/
5.4	Does the district have a board policy or other written document(s) regarding charter oversight?			✓
5.5	Has the district identified specific employees in its various departments (e.g., human resources, business, instructional, and others) to be responsible for oversight of all approved charter schools?			<b>✓</b>

6	Collective Barg	gaining A	Agreeme	ents			Yes	No	N/A
6.1	6.1 Has the district settled with all its bargaining units for the past two fiscal years?  Classified (nonmanagement) remained unsettled for 2019-20 at the time of interviews.							✓	
6.2	Has the district settled with all its bargaining units for the current year?							✓	
	Classified (nonmanagement) remained unsettled for 2020-21 at the time of interviews.								
6.3	Does the district ac				ctive bargai	ning agreements and		1	
	approved by t	he board in California	May 2020	with the N	<i>Montebello</i>	of understanding Teachers Associa- CSEA) in its budget			
6.4	(e.g., statutory bene	efits, and ste and did it ide	p and colum	n salary inc	rease), for th	d costs or savings, if any ne current and xpenditure reductions		✓	
	Interviews indicated that verbal presettlement analysis is provided to the superintendent and board, but no documentation of the analysis was provided by the district. The district has not indicated ongoing revenue sources or expenditure reductions to support the agreements, which increases deficit spending in each year of the multiyear projection.					nalysis was provid- evenue sources or			
6.5	In the current and p		-					/	
		-				units at greater than he table below.			
		2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21				
	Funded COLA	1.56%	2.71%	3.26%	0.00%				
	MTA	3.25%	5.51%	0.00%	0.00%				
	CSEA	0.00%	6.47%	unsettled	unsettled				
	AMSA	0.00%	6.78%	0.00%	0.00%				
6.6	If settlements have resources to cover					district identified		1	
	The district rer any possible s			SEA and h	nas not ider	ntified funds to cover			
6.7	Did the district com Sections 3540.2 an					overnment Code		✓	
	The district did not disclose to the public or the county superintendent of schools the information and possible costs contained in a memorandum of understanding with both MTA and CSEA that was board-approved in May 2020.								
6.8	Did the superintend agreement prior to			public disc	losure of col	lective bargaining		✓	
	properly disclos did not certify o	sed and act or disclose to and possib	ted on by th o the public ble costs cor	e governin or the cou ntained in t	g board. Ho nty superint he memora	ettlements were owever, the district endent of schools and modum of understanderd in May 2020.			

6.9	Is the governing board's action consistent with the superintendent's and CBO's certification?		✓	
	The district did not certify or disclose the details of the memorandum of understanding with both MTA and CSEA that was approved by the board in May 2020.			
7	Contributions and Transfers	Yes	No	N/A
7.1	Does the district have a board-approved plan to eliminate, reduce or control any contributions/transfers from the unrestricted general fund to other restricted programs and funds?		<b>√</b>	
	The board does not have a plan to eliminate, reduce or control any contributions/transfers from the unrestricted general fund to other restricted programs and funds.			
7.2	If the district has deficit spending in funds other than the general fund, has it included in its multiyear projection any transfers from the unrestricted general fund to cover any projected negative fund balance?	<b>√</b>		
7.3	If any contributions/transfers were required for restricted programs and/or other funds in either of the two prior fiscal years, and there is a need in the current year, did the district budget for them at reasonable levels?	<b>✓</b>		
8.	Deficit Spending (Unrestricted General Fund)	Yes	No	N/A
8.1	Is the district avoiding deficit spending in the current fiscal year?		1	
	The district's 2020-21 adopted budget multiyear financial projection shows deficit spending of \$36.8 million.			
8.2	Is the district projected to avoid deficit spending in both of the two subsequent fiscal years?		✓	
	The district is projected to deficit spend by \$20.1 million in 2021-22 and \$28.8 million in 2022-23.			
8.3	If the district has deficit spending in the current or two subsequent fiscal years, has the board approved and implemented a plan to reduce and/or eliminate deficit spending to ensure fiscal solvency?		<b>✓</b>	
	The board has not approved and implemented a plan to reduce and/or eliminate deficit spending.			
8.4	Has the district decreased deficit spending over the past two fiscal years?		✓	
	The district had a surplus of \$15.5 million in 2018-19 and a deficit of \$1.9 million in 2019-20. The 2020-21 deficit is projected to be \$36.8 million.			
9.	Employee Benefits	Yes	No	N/A
9.1	Has the district completed an actuarial valuation in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requirements to determine its unfunded liability for other post-employment benefits (OPEB)?	<b>√</b>		
9.2	Does the district have a plan to fund its liabilities for retiree health and welfare benefits with the total of annual required service payments no greater than 2% of the district's unrestricted general fund revenues?		<b>√</b>	
	The district's OPEB actuarial study dated June 30, 2019 estimates the district's total OPEB liability as \$142,998,223 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The district funds its retiree health and welfare benefits program on a pay-as-you-go basis. It has not established an irrevocable OPEB trust with assets dedicated toward paying OPEB liabilities or a segregated funding source			

FISCAL HEALTH RISK ANALYSIS

		to cover long-term re of \$6,048,329 in 202 enues.							
9.3	Has	the district followed a ation balances?	policy or colle	ectively bargai	ned agreeme	nt to limit accrued		<b>√</b>	
		Limited documents p Board Policy (BP) 436 limiting vacation carr	62 or the col	lectively barg					
9.4		nin the last five years, h ligibility for benefits for						1	
		The district relies on C insurance. Interviews and determination for	revealed the	e district does	not perform	periodic verification			
9.5	Doe	es the district track, reco	oncile and rep	oort employee	s' compensat	ed leave balances?		✓	
		The district did not su ciles, and reports em							
10. I	Enro	ollment and Atte	endance				Yes	No	N/A
10.1		the district's enrollmer prior years?	nt been increa	asing or remair	ned stable for	the current and		✓	
	District enrollment has declined in the current and two prior years.								
		Year	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 est.			
		Census Day Enrollment	26,521	25,409	24,371	23,032			
		Change from Prior Year	-877	-1,112	-1,038	-1,339			
		Percent Change	-3.20%	-4.19%	-4.09%	-5.49%			
10.2		es the district monitor a a at least monthly throu					/		
10.3	Doe	es the district track histo	orical enrollm	ent and ADA d	lata to establis	sh future trends?	1		
10.4		school sites maintain a onciled monthly at the s		•	nrollment and	attendance that is	/		
10.5	(CA	the district certified its LPADS) data by the req prior years?				-	/		П
10.6	Are	the district's enrollmenustry-standard methods		•		historical data,	<b>√</b>		
10.7		all applicable sites and correct it as needed b	•			ective CALPADS data		1	
		Staff reported that all CALPADS data and c line. A month after in document, "CALPADS correction, and verific ever, the district did r for review and verific	correct it as in terviews wei S Processes cation of CA not provide F	needed befor re completed and Procedu LPADS data i FCMAT with e	re the report I, the district ures," which i by principals vidence that	submission dead- provided a lengthy referenced review, and others. How- t the procedures			

submission.

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10.8	Has the district planned for enrollment losses to charter schools?	✓		
10.9	Does the district follow established board policy to limit outgoing interdistrict transfers and ensure that only students who meet the required qualifications are approved?	/		
10.10	Does the district meet the student-to-teacher ratio requirement of no more than 24-to-1 for each school in grades TK-3 classes, or, if not, does it have and adhere to an alternative collectively bargained agreement?	✓		
<u>11.                                     </u>	Facilities	Yes	No	N/A
11.1	If the district participates in the state's School Facilities Program, has it met the required contribution for the Routine Restricted Maintenance Account?		/	
	The district's 2020-21 adopted budget included a contribution of \$8.6 million, which is \$2.3 million less than the required 3% contribution of \$10.9 million. The district indicated that it plans to adjust the budget at first interim.			
11.2	Does the district have sufficient and available capital outlay and/or bond funds to cover all contracted obligations for capital facilities projects?	✓		
11.3	Does the district properly track and account for facility-related projects?	✓		
11.4	Does the district use its facilities fully in accordance with the Office of Public School Construction's loading standards?		1	
	The district has experienced declining enrollment for over a decade. According to documents provided by the district, it is not fully using its facilities. Average facility usage at the elementary level is 69%, with a low of 41%. The average utilization at the intermediate level is 48%, with a low of 37%. The average utilization at the high school level is 70%, with a low of 41%. The district average facility utilization is 65% of capacity across all schools (excluding community day schools).			
11.5	Does the district include facility needs (maintenance, repair and operating requirements) when adopting a budget?	✓		
11.6	Has the district met the facilities inspection requirements of the Williams Act and resolved any outstanding issues?	✓		
11.7	If the district passed a Proposition 39 general obligation bond, has it met the requirements for audit, reporting, and a citizens' bond oversight committee?	✓		
11.8	Does the district have a long-range facilities master plan that reflects its current and projected facility needs?	1		
<u>12.</u> F	Fund Balance and Reserve for Economic Uncertainty	Yes	No	N/A
12.1	Is the district able to maintain the minimum reserve for economic uncertainty in the current year (including Fund 01 and Fund 17) as defined by criteria and standards?	✓		
12.2	Is the district able to maintain the minimum reserve for economic uncertainty in the two subsequent years?	/		
12.3	If the district is not able to maintain the minimum reserve for economic uncertainty, does the district's multiyear financial projection include a board-approved plan to restore the reserve?			✓
12.4	Is the district's projected unrestricted fund balance stable or increasing in the two subsequent fiscal years?		1	
	According to the district's 2020-21 adopted budget, its unrestricted fund balance is projected to decline from \$100 million at the beginning of 2020-21 to \$14.2 million at the end of 2022-23.			

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12.5	If the district has unfunded or contingent liabilities or one-time costs other than post-employment benefits, does the unrestricted general fund balance include sufficient assigned or committed reserves above the recommended reserve level?	<b>√</b>		
<u>13. (</u>	General Fund – Current Year	Yes	No	N/A
13.1	Does the district ensure that one-time revenues do not pay for ongoing expenditures?		1	
	The district is deficit spending and using one-time resources (unrestricted fund balance) to pay for ongoing operating costs.			
13.2	Is the percentage of the district's general fund unrestricted expenditure budget that is allocated to salaries and benefits at or below the statewide average for the current year?		✓	
	According to the district's 2020-21 adopted budget, the percentage of the district's general fund unrestricted expenditure budget that is allocated to salaries and benefits is 87.5%. The statewide average for unified districts as of 2018-19 (the latest data available) was 87%.			
13.3	Is the percentage of the district's general fund unrestricted expenditure budget that is allocated to salaries and benefits at or below the statewide average for the two prior years?		1	
	The percentage of the district's general fund unrestricted expenditure budget that was allocated to salaries and benefits was 90.4% in 2018-19 and was estimated to be 85.1% in 2019-20, compared to the statewide average of 87% in 2018-19.			
13.4	If the district has received any uniform complaints or legal challenges regarding local use of supplemental and concentration grant funding in the current or two prior years, is the district addressing the complaint(s)?			✓
13.5	Does the district either ensure that restricted dollars are sufficient to pay for staff assigned to restricted programs or have a plan to fund these positions with unrestricted funds?			
13.6	Is the district using its restricted dollars fully by expending allocations for restricted programs within the required time?		✓	
	Restricted carryover balances and restricted ending fund balances have increased each year from 2017-18 through 2019-20. The district's Consolidated Application report indicates that the 2019-20 Title II, Part A allocation was \$1,189,191, with no funds spent as of June 30, 2020. The district's 2019-20 Title III allocation was \$935,642 with \$367,615 spent through June 30, 2020. The Title IV, Part A Use of Funds Report shows a 2019-20 allocation of \$756,703 and unspent funds of \$534,507 as of September 30, 2020. Staff reported that the district was required to file a waiver for Title I funds because its 2018-19 carryover was greater than the allowed 15%.			
13.7	Does the district account for program costs, including the maximum allowable indirect costs, for each restricted resource and other funds?		✓	
	A review of the district's 2019-20 unaudited actuals report Form ICR indicates that the district does not charge the maximum allowable indirect cost rate on all restricted resources, including special education programs. The district did not include indirect cost charges for Fund 12 in its 2020-21 adopted budget.			
<u>14.</u>	Information Systems and Data Management	Yes	No	N/A
14.1	Does the district use an integrated financial and human resources system?		1	
	The district uses PC Labels, Lists, and Letters (PC LLL) for position control and the PeopleSoft Financial System; the two systems are not integrated.			
14.2	Does the district use the system(s) to provide key financial and related data, including			

personnel information, to help the district make informed decisions?

14.3	Has the district accurately identified students who are eligible for free or reduced-price meals, English learners, and foster youth, in accordance with the LCFF and its LCAP?		1	
	District audit findings indicate that the district does not accurately identify students who are eligible for free or reduced-price meals, English learners and foster youth, in accordance with the LCFF and its LCAP.			
	<ul> <li>Finding 2018-007 indicated that the district lacked proper supporting documentation for 22 students that were designated as English learn- ers, resulting in a \$18,867 reduction in supplemental and concentration funding.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Finding 2016-16 indicated that the district was lacking proper supporting documentation for 182 students that were identified as eligible for free or reduced-price meals or designated as English learners, resulting in a loss of funding of \$170,297.</li> </ul>			
14.4	Is the district using the same financial system as its county office of education?	✓		
14.5	If the district is using a separate financial system from its county office of education and is not fiscally independent, is there an automated interface with the financial system used by the county office of education?			1
14.6	If the district is using a separate financial system from its county office of education, has the district provided the county office with direct access so the county office can provide oversight, review and assistance?			✓
<u>15.</u>	nternal Controls and Fraud Prevention	Yes	No	N/A
15.1	Does the district have controls that limit access to its financial system and include multiple levels of authorization?	✓		
15.2	Are the district's financial system's access and authorization controls reviewed and updated upon employment actions (e.g., resignations, terminations, promotions or demotions) and at least annually?	<b>√</b>		
15.3	Does the district ensure that duties in the following areas are segregated, and that they are supervised and monitored?:			
	Accounts payable (AP)	. 🗆	✓	
	The Accounts Payable Department has had an interim supervisor for one year. Interviews indicated a lack of auditing of some types of transactions, which carries a high risk for fraud.			
	Accounts receivable (AR)	. 🗸		
	Purchasing and contracts	. 🗆	✓	
	The Procurement and Logistics Department has been without a permanent director for more than a year and has no supervision. Interviews indicated that no one reviews the department's work.			
	• Payroll	. 🗸		
	Human resources (i.e., duties relative to position control and payroll processes)	. 🗆	✓	
	The Human Resources Department lacks direction and supervision because of multiple long-term vacancies in key positions.			
15.4	Are beginning balances for the new fiscal year posted and reconciled with the ending balances for each fund from the prior fiscal year?	✓		
15.5	Does the district review and work to clear prior year accruals throughout the year?		✓	
	A review of financial reports shows some accruals are reconciled throughout			

	the year, but many are balanced at year end, and a few show balances carried for more than one year.			
15.6	Has the district reconciled and closed the general ledger (books) within the time prescribed by the county office of education?	1		
15.7	Does the district have processes and procedures to discourage and detect fraud?		✓	
	The district has some internal control processes that discourage fraud such as supervisorial oversight. However, interviews indicate it there are no formal, written processes or procedures to discourage or detect fraud and oversight is not occurring in all areas.			
15.8	Does the district have a process for collecting reports of possible fraud (such as an anonymous fraud reporting hotline) and for following up on such reports?		1	
	The district does not have a process for collecting reports of possible fraud.			
15.9	Does the district have an internal audit process?		✓	
	The district does not have an internal audit process.			
16. l	_eadership and Stability	Yes	No	N/A
16.1	Does the district have a chief business official who has been with the district as chief business official for more than two years?		/	
	The district has been without a permanent CBO since 2017.			
16.2	Does the district have a superintendent who has been with the district as superintendent for more than two years?	1		
16.3	Does the superintendent meet on a scheduled and regular basis with all members of their administrative cabinet?			
16.4	Is training on financial management and budget provided to site and department administrators who are responsible for budget management?	1		
16.5	Does the governing board adopt and revise policies and administrative regulations annually?		✓	
	While interviews indicated that some cabinet members are implementing a process to revise board polices and administrative regulations annually, there is no coordinated effort among all departments to implement a consistent process.			
16.6	Are newly adopted or revised policies and administrative regulations implemented, communicated and available to staff?		1	
	The district does not have a consistent, districtwide method to communicate changes to staff.			
16.7	Do all board members attend training on the budget and governance at least every two years?		1	
	Interviews indicated that some budget training is provided at board study sessions; however, no documentation was provided to show that all board members attend training on governance at least every two years.			
16.8	Is the superintendent's evaluation performed according to the terms of the contract?	✓		
17	Multiyear Projections	Yes	No	N/A
17.1	Has the district developed multiyear projections that include detailed assumptions aligned with industry standards?	✓		
17.2	To help calculate its multiyear projections, did the district prepare an accurate LCFF calculation with multiyear considerations?	/		

17.3	Does the district use its most current multiyear projection in making financial decisions?		✓	
	Although interviews indicated that the district uses its most current multiyear projection in making financial decisions, the board has approved salary increases that increase deficit spending and decrease the district's unrestricted fund balance.			
17.4	If the district uses a broad adjustment category in its multiyear projection (such as line B10, B1d, B2d Other Adjustments, in the SACS Form MYP/MYPI), is there a detailed list of what is included in the adjustment amount and are the adjustments reasonable?	<b>√</b>		
18. l	Non-Voter-Approved Debt and Risk Management	Yes	No	N/A
18.1	Are the sources of repayment for non-voter-approved debt (such as certificates of participation (COPs), bridge financing, bond anticipation notes (BANS), revenue anticipation notes (RANS) and others) stable, predictable, and other than unrestricted general fund?	<b>√</b>		
18.2	If the district has issued non-voter-approved debt, has its credit rating remained stable or improved during the current and two prior fiscal years?		1	
	On July 2, 2020, Fitch Ratings lowered its rating on the district from AAA to AA+.			
18.3	If the district is self-insured, has the district completed an actuarial valuation as required and have a plan to pay for any unfunded liabilities?		1	
	The district is self-insured for workers' compensation and provided a copy of its most recent actuarial valuation. A portion of the general fund unrestricted fund balance is assigned to cover workers' compensation liabilities. The district is also self-insured for employee dental insurance; however, an actuarial valuation was not provided to FCMAT, nor are funds assigned to cover any unfunded liabilities for the dental program.			
18.4	If the district has non-voter-approved debt (such as COPs, bridge financing, BANS, RANS and others), is the total of annual debt service payments no greater than 2% of the district's unrestricted general fund revenues?	✓		
19. l	Position Control	Yes	No	N/A
19.1	Does the district account for all positions and costs?		1	
	The district did not provide documents sufficient to determine whether it accounts for all positions and costs.			
19.2	Does the district analyze and adjust staffing based on staffing ratios and enrollment?		✓	
	The district performs an analysis for certificated staffing and makes recommendations to cabinet for staffing levels; however, the recommendations are not always followed.			
19.3	Does the district reconcile budget, payroll and position control regularly, at least at budget adoption and interim reporting periods?		1	
	Interviews with staff indicated regular communication between position control, budget and payroll; however, no evidence was provided that budget, payroll and position control perform a regular reconciliation.			
19.4	Does the district identify a budget source for each new position before the position is authorized by the governing board?	1		
19.5	Does the governing board approve all new positions and extra assignments (e.g., stipends)			

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	before positions are posted?	✓		
19.6	Do managers and staff responsible for the district's human resources, payroll and budget functions meet regularly to discuss issues and improve processes?		1	
	The district did not provide documentation sufficient to show that the district's human resources, payroll and budget functions meet regularly to discuss issues and improve processes.			
20. 9	Special Education	Yes	No	N/A
20.1	Does the district monitor, analyze and adjust staffing ratios, class sizes and caseload sizes to align with statutory requirements and industry standards?		1	
	Documents provided by the district indicated the following:			
	<ul> <li>Resource specialist program (RSP) classes: eight classes exceed the Education Code maximum of 1-to-28.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Special day class (SDC) mild/moderate classes: most classes are under or over the industry standard of 12 to 15.</li> </ul>			
	SDC autism: three classes are over industry standard of eight to 10.			
	<ul> <li>SDC emotionally disturbed: two of the three classes exceed the industry standard of eight to 10, and the third class is well under the industry standard.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>SDC preschool autism spectrum disorder: district ratio exceeds the industry standard of nine per staff.</li> </ul>			
20.2	Does the district access available funding sources for costs related to special education (e.g., excess cost pool, legal fees, mental health)?		1	
	The district has a large unexpended balance in mental health funds, indicating that it does not access those funds before general fund contributions.			
20.3	Does the district use appropriate tools to help it make informed decisions about whether to add services (e.g., special circumstance instructional assistance process and form, transportation decision tree)?		<b>√</b>	
	The district has a process to request added services; however, no documentation was provided to demonstrate how it determines approval of added services.			
20.4	Does the district budget and account correctly for all costs related to special education (e.g., transportation, due process hearings, indirect costs, nonpublic schools and/or nonpublic agencies)?		<b>√</b>	
	The district's indirect cost rate for 2019-20 was 3.66%. Its effective rate used across all special education resources was 0.26%.			
	The district's indirect cost rate for 2020-21 is 4.81%. Its budgeted effective rate used across all special education resources is 0.35%.			
20.5	Is the district's contribution rate to special education at or below the statewide average contribution rate?		1	
	The district's contribution rate is higher than the 2018-19 statewide contribution rate of 65.88%.			
	The district's 2019-20 unaudited actuals special education maintenance-of-ef- fort report (Form SEMA) shows total district expenditures for special education to be \$65,116,262.45, with \$43,697,690.00 or 67.11% as the district's contribu- tion.			

The district's 2020-21 budget special education maintenance-of-effort report (SEMB) shows total district expenditures for special education to be \$65,137,419, with \$44,236,083 as the district's contribution or 67.91%. It is important to note that the district does not charge full indirect costs on all special education expenditures, which artificially lowers the contribution amount and ratio. With full indirect charged in 2019-20, the district's contribution would have been greater than 70%.

20.6 Is the district's rate of identification of students as eligible for special education at or below the countywide and statewide average rates?

**√** □

The district's rate of identification of students as eligible for special education was 13.76% in 2019-20, compared to 11.81% for the county and 11.70% for the state.

2019-20	District	County	State
Enrollment	24,371	1,436,522	6,163,001
Students with disabilities	3,353	169,718	721,198
Percentage	13.76%	11.81%	11.70%

20.7 Does the district analyze whether it will meet the maintenance of effort requirement at each interim reporting period?

,			
	1 1		- 1

Risk Score, 20 numbered sections only:

48.7%

#### **Key to Risk Score from 20 numbered sections only:**

High Risk: 40% or more Moderate Risk: 25-39.9% Low Risk: 24.9% and lower

#### District Fiscal Solvency Risk Level, all FHRA factors:

High

(The existence of any condition from the Budget and Fiscal Status section, and/or a material weakness, will supersede the score above because it elevates the district's risk level.)